

DHANAMANJURI UNIVERSITY

DECEMBER 2025

Name of Programme : B.A./B.Sc. Mathematics
Semester : 1st
Paper Type : Core
Paper Code : CMA-102
Paper Title : Algebra
Full Marks : 80
Pass Marks : 32 **Duration: 3 Hours**

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the corresponding questions.

Answer all questions:

1. Choose and rewrite the correct answer for each of the following: **1 × 3 = 3**

(a) The exponential value of $\sinh x$ is

(i) $\frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i}$

(ii) $\frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2i}$

(iii) $\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$

(iv) $\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$

(b) If a, b, c are in harmonic progression, then

(i) $b = \frac{a+c}{2}$

(ii) $b = \frac{2ac}{a+c}$

(iii) $b = \frac{a+c}{2ac}$

(iv) $b = \frac{ac}{2(a+c)}$

(c) For every characteristic root of a Matrix,

(i) G.M. > A.M.

(ii) G.M. \geq A.M.

(iii) G.M. \leq A.M.

(iv) G.M. = A.M.

where G.M., A.M. is geometric multiplicity and algebraic multiplicity respectively.

2. Write very short answer for each of the following questions: **1 × 6 = 6**

(a) State De Moivre's theorem.

(b) Show that $\cosh x = \cos ix$.

(c) State fundamental theorem of algebra.

(d) Write a matrix which is symmetric but not Hermitian.

(e) What will be the characteristic roots of a Hermitian matrix?

(f) What will be rank of a matrix when its row rank is 2?

3. Write short answer for each of the following questions:**3 × 5 = 15**

- (a) Find the principal value of $\cosh^{-1} z$.
- (b) Show that the equation $x^4 - 2x^3 - 1 = 0$ has two imaginary roots.
- (c) Find the equation whose roots are equal to the roots of $x^3 - 9x^2 + 28x - 27 = 0$ each diminished by 3.
- (d) Find the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

by reducing to Echelon form.

- (e) Show that the vectors $[2 \ 3 \ -1 \ -1]$, $[1 \ -1 \ -2 \ -4]$, $[3 \ 1 \ 3 \ -2]$, $[6 \ 3 \ 0 \ -7]$ are linearly dependent.

4. Write answer for each of the following questions:**4 × 5 = 20**

- (a) If $a = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, $b = \cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi$, find the values $\cos(\theta + \varphi)$ and $\cos(\theta - \varphi)$ in terms of a, b .
- (b) Evaluate $\text{Log}(\alpha + i\beta)$, where α and β are real.
- (c) If $x > 0$, $y > 0$, $z > 0$ and $x + y + z = 1$, prove that

$$\frac{x}{2-x} + \frac{y}{2-y} + \frac{z}{2-z} \geq \frac{3}{5}.$$

- (d) State and prove Holder's inequality.
- (e) Show that every square matrix A can be expressed uniquely as $P + iQ$ where P and Q are Hermitian matrices.

5. Answer any two of the following questions:**6 × 2 = 12**

- (a) Find all the values of $\sqrt[3]{1+i}$.
- (b) State and prove Gregory's series.
- (c) Find the sum of the infinite series

$$\sin \alpha + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\alpha + \frac{1}{2^2} \sin 3\alpha + \dots$$

6. Answer any two of the following questions:**6 × 2 = 12**

- (a) Solve the reciprocal equation $x^4 - 10x^3 + 26x^2 - 10x + 1 = 0$.
- (b) Solve the biquadratic equation $x^4 - 10x^2 + 4x + 8 = 0$ by using Ferrari's method.
- (c) Solve the equation $9x^3 - 6x^2 + 1 = 0$ by using Cardan's method.

7. Answer any two of the following questions:**6 × 2 = 12**

- (a) Find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

by using the matrix equation $AX = B$.

- (b) Find the Latent values of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find also the Latent vector/vectors corresponding to the smallest Latent value.

- (c) Find the characteristic equation of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for this matrix and hence obtain A^{-1} .
